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Foam 136 NOVADAN®

The safety data sheet is in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Date issued 20.06.2018

Revision date 06.01.2021

1.1. Product identifier

NOVADAN®

Product name Foam 136

UFI 3RP1-601X-F00P-0WXE

Article no. 12172, 12173, 12412, 12505, 13120, 25051

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product group Alkaline foam cleaning agent with chlorine.

Main intended use PC-CLN-OTH Other cleaning, care and maintenance products (excludes biocidal

products)

Relevant identified uses SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial

sites

SU4 Manufacture of food products

PC35 Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)

PROC11 Non-industrial spraying

ERC8A Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8D Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

+ 45 75 50 43 70

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Producer

Fax

Company name Novadan ApS

Postal address Platinvej 21

Postcode DK-6000

City Kolding

Country Danmark

Telephone number + 45 76 34 84 00

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Email <u>sds@novadan.dk</u>

Website www.novadan.dk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Description: UK: NHS: 111

El: National Poisons Information Centre, 24/7: 01 809 2166

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

[CLP / GHS]

Met. Corr. 1; H290; On basis of test data

Skin Corr. 1B; H314; Calculation method

Eye Dam. 1; H318; Calculation method

Aquatic Acute 1; H400; Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 2; H411; Calculation method

Substance / mixture hazardous

properties

For further information, please refer to section 11.

Additional information on

classification

The informations stated in this MSDS, applies for the concentrated product. See Sec. 16, for informations regarding recommended user solutions

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms (CLP)



Signal word



Composition on the label Sodium hypochlorite, Sodium hydroxide

Danger

Hazard statements H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face

protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

2.3. Other hazards

Hazard description, general

Do not mix with acid or acid containing products: toxic chlorine gas may be

formed.

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Health effect

Corrosive to skin and eyes.

May cause permanent damage to the eyes, especially if the product is not washed away IMMEDIATELY.

See section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

Environmental effects

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Substantial amounts of the product may lead to a local change in acidity in small water systems which may have adverse effects on aquatic organisms.

This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

Other hazards

Undiluted, the product may be corrosive to metals.

No evidence for endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Substance Sodium hypochlorite	Identification CAS No.: 7681-52-9 EC No.: 231-668-3 Index No.: 017-011-00-1 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119488154-34-xxxx	Classification Met. Corr. 1; H290 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Acute 1; H400; M-factor 10 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410; M-factor 1 EUH 031 Additional information on classification: EUH031: C ≥ 5 %	Contents 1 - 5 %	Notes
Sodium hydroxide	CAS No.: 1310-73-2 EC No.: 215-185-5 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119457892-27-xxxx	Skin Corr. 1A; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Met. Corr. 1; H290 Additional information on classification: Eye Irrit. 2; H319: $0,5\% \le C < 2\%$ Skin Corr. 1A; H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Skin Corr. 1B; H314: $2\% \le C < 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315: $0,5\% \le C < 2\%$	1 - 5 %	
2-Phosphonobutan-1,2, 4-tricarboxylic acid	CAS No.: 37971-36-1 EC No.: 253-733-5 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119436643-39-xxxx	Met. Corr. 1; H290 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	1 - 5 %	
Amines, C12-14 (even numbered) - alkyldimethyl, N-oxides	CAS No.: 308062-28-4 EC No.: 931-292-6 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119490061-47-xxxx	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	1 - 5 %	

Substance comments

Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of

31 March 2004 on detergents:

 $<\!5\%\!:\!Chlorine\text{-}containing bleaching agent., anionic surfactant, phosphonate.$

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in section 16.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Remove affected person from source of contamination.

Inhalation Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. If

uncomfortable: Seek hospital and bring these instructions. In case of chlorine

poisoning: Move injured person to fresh air and after that to hospital.

Skin contact Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove

clothing if soaked through and flush skin with water. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

Eye contact Important! Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. May cause

permanent damage if eye is not immediately irrigated. Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Immediately transport to hospital or

eye specialist. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.

Immediately rinse mouth and drink plenty of water. Call an ambulance. Bring

along these instructions. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that stomach vomit doesn't enter the lungs. Do not give

victim anything to drink if he is unconscious.

Recommended personal protective equipment for first aid responders

Wear necessary protective equipment. For personal protection, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute symptoms and effects Contact with concentrated chemical may very rapidly cause severe eye damage,

possibly loss of sight.

Strongly corrosive. May cause deep tissue damage.

Delayed symptoms and effects The etching penetrates deeply into the tissue and is first noticed after a while.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Other information In case of unconsciousness, ingestion or eye contact: Immediately call a doctor /

ambulance. Show this safety data sheet.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire and explosion hazards

This product is not flammable. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be

formed. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the

product, may be corrosive.

Hazardous combustion products Toxic gases/vapours/fumes of: Chlorine. Hydrogen chloride (HCl).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Personal protective equipment Wear necessary protective equipment. For personal protection, see section 8.

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Fire fighting procedures

Reference is made to the company fire procedure. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. Avoid breathing fire vapours.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection measures

Look out! The product is corrosive. Use protective gloves, goggles and suitable protective clothing. In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. For personal protection, see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautionary

measures

Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cleaning method Dam and absorb spillage with sand, sawdust or other absorbent. Wash

contaminated area with water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Other instructions See section 8 and section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling

Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Use work methods which minimize spreading of vapours, dust, smoke, aerosols, splashes etc. to the extent technically possible. Do not mix with acidic products.

Protective safety measures

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Good personal hygiene is necessary. Wash hands and contaminated areas with water and soap before leaving the work site.

Eating, smoking and water fountains prohibited in immediate work area. Take off contaminated clothing and personal protective equipment before entering an eating area..

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Store in tightly closed original container. Keep away from food, drink and animal

feeding stuffs. Store protected from acids. Protect against direct sunlight.

Conditions for safe storage

Storage temperature Value: -5 - 25 °C.

Storage stability Durability: 12 months.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

SubstanceIdentificationExposure limitsTWA YearChlorineCAS No.: 7782-50-5Sodium hydroxideCAS No.: 1310-73-2Limit value (short term)Value: 2 mg/m³

DNEL / PNEC

Substance Sodium hypochlorite

DNEL Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (local)

Value: 1,55 mg/m³

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (local)

Value: 0,5 %

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 1,55 mg/m³

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (local)

Value: 3,1 mg/m³

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (systemic)

Value: 3,1 mg/m³

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (local)

Value: 1,55 mg/m³

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 1,55 mg/m³

Group: Consumer **Route of exposure:** Long-term oral (systemic)

Value: 0,26 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (local)

Value: 3,1 mg/m³

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (systemic)

Value: 3,1 mg/m³

PNEC Route of exposure: Freshwater

Value: 0,21 µg/l

Route of exposure: Saltwater

Value: $0,042 \mu g/l$

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Route of exposure: Sewage treatment plant STP

Value: 0,03 mg/l **Value:** 0,26 μg/l

Reference: intermittent release

Substance

DNEL

Sodium hydroxide

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (local)

Value: 1 mg/m³

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (local)

Value: 1 mg/m³

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Acute dermal (local)

Value: 2 %

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Acute dermal (local)

Value: 2 %

Substance

DNEL

2-Phosphonobutan-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 15 mg/m³

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (systemic)

Value: 158 mg/m³

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

Value: 4,2 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Acute dermal (systemic)

Value: 80 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 3,7 mg/m³

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (systemic)

Value: 79 mg/m³
Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

Value: 2,1 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Acute dermal (systemic)

Value: 40 mg/kg bw/day

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Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term oral (systemic)

Value: 2,1 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Acute oral (systemic)

Value: 65 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC Route of exposure: Freshwater

Value: 3,33 mg/L

Route of exposure: Freshwater sediments

Value: 1.47 mg/kg dw

Route of exposure: Soil **Value:** 0,491 mg/kg dw

Route of exposure: Sewage treatment plant STP

Value: 50.4 mg/L

Route of exposure: Saltwater

Value: 0,33 mg/L

Substance

Amines, C12-14 (even numbered)- alkyldimethyl, N-oxides

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 6,2 mg/m³

Group: Professional

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

Value: 11 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 1,53 mg/m³

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

Value: 5,5 mg/kg bw/day

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term oral (systemic)

Value: 0,44 mg/kg bw/day

Route of exposure: Freshwater

Value: 0,034 mg/l

Route of exposure: Saltwater

Value: 0,003 mg/l

Route of exposure: Freshwater sediments

Value: 5,24 mg/kg dw

Route of exposure: Saltwater sediments

Value: 0,524 mg/kg dw

Route of exposure: Soil

PNEC

DNEL

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Value: 1,02 mg/kg dw

Route of exposure: Sewage treatment plant STP

Value: 24 mg/l

Route of exposure: Food products

Value: 11,1 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Safety signs















Precautionary measures to prevent exposure

Technical measures to prevent exposure

Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Provide eyewash, quick drench.

Eye / face protection

Suitable eye protection

Wear approved safety goggles. EN 166.

Hand protection

Skin- / hand protection, long term contact

Use protective gloves made of:

Butyl rubber. \geq 0,5 mm Neoprene. \geq 0,5 mm Nitrile. \geq 0,4 mm

EN 374.

Breakthrough time

Value: ≥ 480 minute(s)

Hand protection, comments

Manufacturer's directions for use should be observed because of great diversity

of types.

The recommendation is a qualified estimate based on knowledge of the components.

Skin protection

Additional skin protection measures

Wear apron or protective clothing in case of contact.

Wear rubber footwear.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection necessary

In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable respirator. Wear respiratory protection with combination filter (dust and gas filter). Type B/P2. EN 143/

EN149.

Thermal hazards

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Thermal hazards

See section 5.

Appropriate environmental exposure control

Environmental exposure controls

See section 6.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Fluid.

Colour Yellowish.

Odour Chlorine.

pH Status: In delivery state

Value: > 13,0

Status: In aqueous solution

Value: ~ 12,0 Comments: 15°dH Concentration: 2 %

Status: In aqueous solution

Value: ~ 13,0 Comments: 15°dH Concentration: 5 %

Melting point / melting range Value: - 9 °C

Boiling point / boiling range Comments: No data recorded.

Flash point Comments: Not relevant.

Evaporation rate Comments: Not relevant.

Flammability Not relevant.

Explosion limit Comments: Not relevant.

Vapour pressure Comments: Not relevant.

Vapour density Comments: Not relevant.

Bulk density Value: ~ 1,10 kg/l.

Solubility Comments: Completely soluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Comments: Not determined.

Auto-ignition temperature Comments: Not relevant.

Decomposition temperature Comments: Not relevant.

Viscosity Value: < 50 mPa s

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for oxidising.

9.2. Other information

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Other physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties

No data recorded.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Comments No data recorded.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity

There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Generates toxic gas when in contact with acid. Reacts violently with strong acids. Risk of bumping (splashes).

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperatures. Avoid contact with acids.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

Strong acids. Acids, oxidising. Alkali-sensitive metals such as aluminium, tin, lead and zinc and alloys with these metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Chlorine gas and hydrogen chloride may be formed in a fire or by heating. In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed.

Other information

Other information

Undiluted, the product may be corrosive to metals.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Substance Sodium hypochlorite

Acute toxicity Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Oral Method: OECD Guideline 401

Value: 1100 mg/kg Animal test species: Rat

Comments:~15~%

Effect tested: LC50

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Route of exposure: Inhalation.

Method: OECD 403 Duration: 1 hour(s) Value: > 10,5 mg/l Animal test species: Rat Comments: 15 %

Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Dermal Method: OECD Guideline 402 Value: > 20000 mg/kg Animal test species: Rabbit

Comments: 15 %

Substance 2-Phosphonobutan-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid

Acute toxicity Effect tested: LD50
Route of exposure: Oral

Duration: -

Value: > 6500 mg/kg Animal test species: Rat

Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Dermal

Duration: -

Value: > 4000 mg/kg Animal test species: Rat

Effect tested: LC50

Route of exposure: Inhalation.

Duration: 4h

Value: > 1979 mg/m3 Animal test species: Rat

Substance Amines, C12-14 (even numbered)- alkyldimethyl, N-oxides

Acute toxicity Effect tested: LD50
Route of exposure: Oral

Value: 1064 mg/kg Animal test species: Rat

Other toxicological data

Toxicological tests on the product has not been performed.

Other information regarding health hazards

Assessment of acute toxicity,

classification

No evidence for acute toxicity.

Substance Sodium hypochlorite

Skin corrosion / irritation test

result

Species: Rabbit.

Evaluation result: Corrosive to skin.

Substance Sodium hydroxide

Skin corrosion / irritation test

result

Substance

Evaluation result: Corrosive to skin.

Sodium hypochlorite

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Eye damage or irritation, test

results

Species: Rabbit

Evaluation result: Result: Corrosive to eyes.

Substance

Sodium hydroxide

Eye damage or irritation, test

results

Substance

Evo domago or irritation, too

Eye damage or irritation, test results

Inhalation

Skin contact

Eye contact

Ingestion

Sensitisation

Assessment of germ cell mutagenicity, classification

Assessment of carcinogenicity,

classification

Assessment of reproductive toxicity, classification

Assessment of specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, classification

Assessment of specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,

classification

Assessment of aspiration hazard, classification

Evaluation result: Result: Corrosive to eyes.

2-Phosphonobutan-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid

Evaluation result: Result: Irritation to eye.

Aerosols may be corrosive.

Strongly corrosive. May cause deep tissue damage.

Strongly corrosive. Causes severe burns. Immediate first aid is imperative. May

cause permanent damage to the eyes, especially if the product is not washed

away IMMEDIATELY.

Strongly corrosive. Even small amounts may be fatal. Symptoms are severe

burning pains in mouth, throat and stomach.

No evidence for respiratory nor skin sensitization.

No evidence for germ cell mutagenicity.

No evidence for carcinogenicity.

No evidence for reproductive toxicity.

No evidence for STOT-single exposure.

No evidence for STOT-repeated exposure.

No evidence for aspiration hazard.

11.2 Other information

Endocrine disruption

No evidence for endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Substance

Sodium hypochlorite

Aquatic toxicity, fish

Toxicity type: Acute **Value:** 0,06 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 hour(s) **Species:** Oncorhynchus mykiss

Method: LC50 Comments: 15 %

Toxicity type: Acute

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Value: 0,032 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 hour(s) **Species:** Oncorhynchus mykiss

Method: LC50 Comments: 15 %

Toxicity type: Chronic **Value:** 0,04 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 day(s) **Species:** Menidia peninsulae

Method: NOEC Comments: 15 %

Substance Sodium hydroxide

Aquatic toxicity, fish

Toxicity type: Acute
Value: 35 - 189 mg/l

Method: LC50

Substance 2-Phosphonobutan-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid

Aquatic toxicity, fish Toxicity type: Acute

Toxicity type: Acute Value: > 500 mg/l Test duration: 48 hour(s) Species: Danio rerio Method: OECD TG 204 LC50

Exposure time: 96 hour(s)

Toxicity type: Chronic Value: > 500 mg/l Exposure time: 14 day(s) Species: Danio rerio

Method: OECD TG 204 NOEC

Substance Amines, C12-14 (even numbered)- alkyldimethyl, N-oxides

Aquatic toxicity, fish Toxicity type: Acute

Value: 1,26 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 hour(s) **Species:** Oncorhynchus mykiss **Method:** LC50, OECD 203

Toxicity type: Chronic **Value:** 0,42 mg/l

Species: Pimephales promelas

Substance Sodium hypochlorite

Aquatic toxicity, algae **Toxicity type:** Acute **Value:** 0,04 mg/l

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Comments:~15~%

Toxicity type: Acute Value: 0,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 hour(s) **Species:** Myriophyllum spicatum

Comments:~15~%

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Substance

2-Phosphonobutan-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid

Aquatic toxicity, algae

Toxicity type: Acute Value: > 500 mg/l Test duration: 72 hour(s)

Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus

Method: ErC 50

Toxicity type: Acute **Value:** > 16,65 < 32,75 mg/l

Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus

Method: EC10

Substance

Amines, C12-14 (even numbered)- alkyldimethyl, N-oxides

Aquatic toxicity, algae

Toxicity type: Acute Value: 0,19 mg/l Test duration: 72 hour(s)

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Method: ErC 50

Toxicity type: Chronic Value: 0,067 mg/l Test duration: 28 day(s) Species: Periphyton Method: NOEC

Substance

Aquatic toxicity, crustacean

Sodium hypochlorite

Toxicity type: Acute Value: 0,141 mg/l Exposure time: 48 hour(s)

Species: Daphnia magna **Method:** EC50 OECD TG 202

Comments: 15 %

Toxicity type: Acute **Value:** 0,035 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 hour(s) **Species:** Ceriodaphnia Dubia **Method:** EC50 OECD TG 202

Comments:~15~%

Toxicity type: Acute **Value:** 0,026 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 hour(s) **Species:** Crassostrea virginica

Method: EC50 Comments: 15 %

Toxicity type: Chronic Value: 0,007 mg/l Exposure time: 15 day(s) Species: Crassostrea virginica

Method: NOEC Comments: 15 %

Substance

Sodium hydroxide

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Aquatic toxicity, crustacean **Toxicity type:** Acute

Value: 40,4 mg/l

Test duration: 48 hour(s) **Species:** ceriodaphnia sp.

Method: EC50

Substance

2-Phosphonobutan-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid

Aquatic toxicity, crustacean

Toxicity type: Acute Value: > 535,5 mg/l Test duration: 48 hour(s) Species: Daphnia magna Method: EC50 OECD TG 202

Toxicity type: Chronic **Value:** 52 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 day(s) **Species:** Daphnia magna **Method:** OECD 211 NOEC

Substance

Amines, C12-14 (even numbered)- alkyldimethyl, N-oxides

Aquatic toxicity, crustacean

Toxicity type: Acute **Value:** 2,9 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 hour(s) **Species:** Daphnia magna **Method:** EC50 OECD TG 202

Toxicity type: Chronic **Value:** 0,70 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 day(s) **Species:** Daphnia magna **Method:** OECD 211 NOEC

Substance

Sodium hypochlorite

Value: > 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 hour(s) **Species:** activated sludge

Comments: 15 %

Ecotoxicity

Product is very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

Contains a substance (Aquatic Acute 1; H400 or Aquatic Chronic 1; H410) that

falls within the scope of the multiplication factor rule.

Large amounts of the product may affect the acidity (pH-factor) in water with

possible risk of harmful effects to aquatic organisms.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability

description/evaluation

Biodegradability

The product is easily biodegradable.

Substance 2-Phosphonobutan-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid

Value: 30 - 40 %

Method: OECD 302A

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Test period: 28 day(s)

Substance Amines, C12-14 (even numbered)- alkyldimethyl, N-oxides

Biodegradability **Value: 80 %**

> Method: ISO 14593 Test period: 28 day(s)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation, evaluation The product is not bioaccumulating.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is water soluble and may spread in water systems.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not Classified as PBT/vPvB by current EU criteria.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

12.7. Other adverse effects

Potential endocrine disruptor

Comments: No evidence for endocrine disrupting properties.

Additional ecological information

None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Appropriate methods of disposal for the chemical

Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Appropriate methods of disposal for the contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

EWC waste code

EWC waste code: 0706 wastes from the MFSU of fats, grease, soaps, detergents,

disinfectants and cosmetics

Classified as hazardous waste: Yes

EWL packing

EWC waste code: 0706 wastes from the MFSU of fats, grease, soaps, detergents,

disinfectants and cosmetics

Classified as hazardous waste: Yes

Other information

When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions

applying to handling of the product.

Waste code applies to product remnants in pure form.

Do not re-use container for any purpose.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Dangerous goods

Yes

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14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN 1719 **IMDG** 1719 ICAO/IATA

1719

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name English CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. ADR/RID/ADN Technical name/Danger releasing Sodium hypochlorite, Sodium hydroxide substance English ADR/RID/ADN ADR/RID/ADN CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. Technical name/danger releasing Sodium hypochlorite, Sodium hydroxide substance ADR/RID/ADN **IMDG** CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. Technical name/danger releasing Sodium hypochlorite, Sodium hydroxide substance IMDG ICAO/IATA CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. Technical name/danger releasing Sodium hypochlorite, Sodium hydroxide

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN	8
Classificaton code ADR/RID/ADN	C5
IMDG	8
ICAO/IATA	8

14.4. Packing group

substance ICAO/IATA

ADR/RID/ADN	II
IMDG	II
ICAO/IATA	II

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID/ADN Danger label for "Environmental hazard" should be used if packagings with more than 5 liters or 5 kilos are transported. **IMDG** Danger label for "Environmental hazard" should be used if packagings with more than 5 liters or 5 kilos are transported.

IMDG Marine pollutant Yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special safety precautions for user Not relevant.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

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Product name CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S.

Additional information

Hazard label ADR/RID/ADN 8

Hazard label IMDG 8

Hazard label ICAO/IATA 8

ADR/RID Other information

Tunnel restriction code E

Transport category 2

Hazard No. 80

IMDG Other information

EmS F-A, S-B

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other label information For professional users only.

As a general rule, persons under 18 years of age are not allowed to work with this product. Users must be carefully instructed in the proper work procedure, the dangerous properties of the product and the necessary safety instructions.

Water hazard class (DE) Water hazard class (WGK): 2: hazard to waters

Source: Self-classification (mixture; calculation rule).

Legislation and regulations The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (SI 1999 No.

3242), with amendments.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and

1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 31 March 2004 on detergents. The List of Wastes (England)

(Amendment) Regulations 2005. (SI 2005 No. 895).

EH40/2005, Workplace exposure limits 2005, with amendments.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This document is created with Publisher (EcoOnline)

Chemical safety assessment performed

No

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SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H-phrases (Section 2 and 3)

EUH 031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

H290 May be corrosive to metals. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Training advice No particular training or education is required but the user must be familiar with

this SDS.

Users must be carefully instructed in the proper work procedure, the dangerous $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

properties of the product and the necessary safety instructions.

Additional information READY-TO-USE MIXTURE:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

When used in the recommended dosages, contact time and temperature, the

product is compatible with acid-proof stainless steels.

Information added, deleted or

revised

Relevant changes compared to the previous version of the safety data sheet are

indicated with verticle lines in the left margin.

Version 2

Prepared by ALM